

Defining the Morgan Gene Pool

Time Line

Bright Line Rule

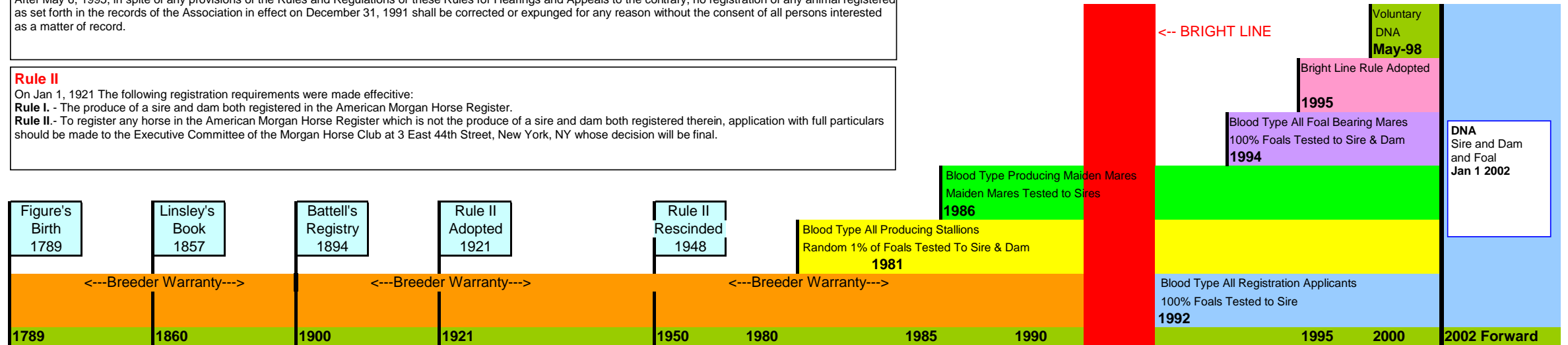
After May 6, 1995, in spite of any provisions of the Rules and Regulations or these Rules for Hearings and Appeals to the contrary, no registration of any animal registered as set forth in the records of the Association in effect on December 31, 1991 shall be corrected or expunged for any reason without the consent of all persons interested as a matter of record.

Rule II

On Jan 1, 1921 The following registration requirements were made effective:

Rule I. - The produce of a sire and dam both registered in the American Morgan Horse Register.

Rule II. - To register any horse in the American Morgan Horse Register which is not the produce of a sire and dam both registered therein, application with full particulars should be made to the Executive Committee of the Morgan Horse Club at 3 East 44th Street, New York, NY whose decision will be final.



Linsley's "Morgan Horses: A Premium Essay" in 1857 was the first significant attempt in writing to identify the Morgan gene pool.

Col. Joseph Battell's registry volume of 1894 was the first formal definition of the Morgan gene pool.

Rule II, adopted in 1921, was the first rule exception to Battell's registry criteria.

Rule II was rescinded in 1948. Since 1948, registration required produce to be from registered sires and dams.

Breeder Warranty was the primary identity criteria for almost 200 years.